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Situation Report #31

The humanitarian crisis in Cameroon remains a critical concern

Country:	Cameroon
Emergency type:	Climate Disaster Conflict, Crisis Displacement, Inter-Community Violence
Date Issued:	11 June 2025
Covering Period:	April 1, 2025 to April 30, 2025
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Key Figures



Highlights

- In April 2025, UNFPA continued to provide vital health and protection services in the Far North, Northwest, Southwest, and East regions of Cameroon, supporting women and girls affected by crises.
- UNFPA interventions reached 7,899 people with essential care and services, while 8,130 individuals were reached through information, education and communication (IEC) activities.

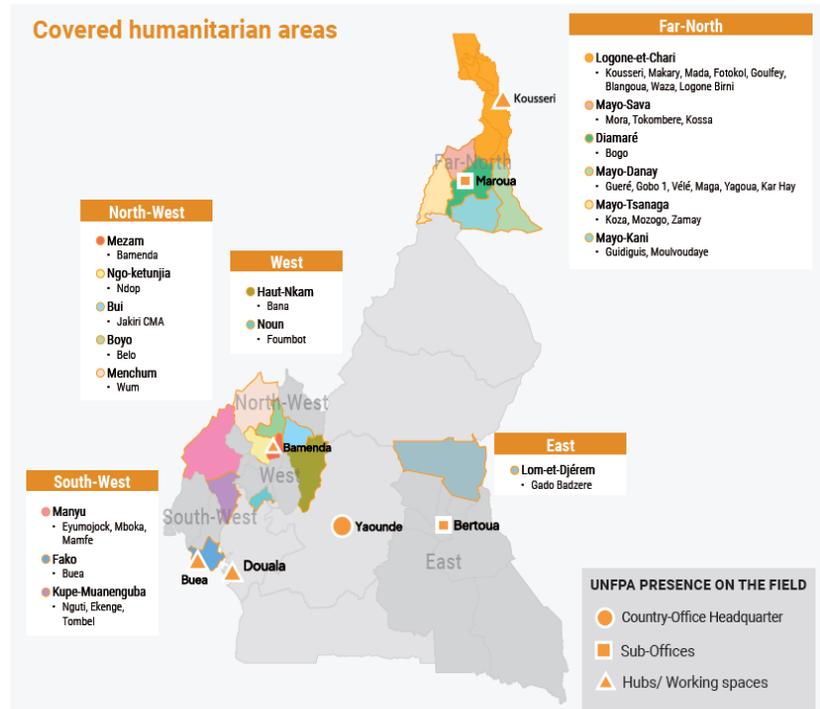
¹ [2025 Cameroon Humanitarian Needs and Response Plan](#).

² Estimated figures are based on the Minimum Initial Services Package (MISP) for Sexual and Reproductive Health in Humanitarian Settings calculator.

Situation Overview

In April 2025, Cameroon faced heightened internal and cross-border security challenges amidst an intensifying political climate ahead of the October presidential election. The conflict persisted in the Northwest and Southwest, marked by continued clashes and escalating tensions with Nigeria over the Bakassi Peninsula. Concurrently, attacks by non-state armed groups (NSAGs) in the Far North exacerbated a severe humanitarian crisis, leading to overcrowding in refugee camps and critical shortfalls in aid.

The pervasive insecurity in the Northwest and Southwest regions and the escalating NSAGs attacks in the Far North have severe implications for vital services. Maternal health is acutely vulnerable due to displacement and disrupted access to health facilities, increasing unassisted deliveries and mortality risks. Family planning services face significant disruption, leading to increased unmet needs and unintended pregnancies. Concurrently, the volatile environment and humanitarian aid shortages exacerbate gender-based violence (GBV), exposing women and girls to heightened risks while limiting access to life-saving medical treatment and psychological support services.



UNFPA Response

Sexual and Reproductive Health

During the month of April, sexual and reproductive health (SRH) services reached a significant number of people, the majority of which were women. 7,899 people benefited from SRH care and services, including 6,556 women (83%). Awareness-raising activities reached 8,130 people, with 6,735 women (83%).

Maternal Health: 2,104 antenatal care consultations were provided, 984 assisted deliveries, 85 caesarean sections were performed, 228 delivery complications were managed, and 445 postnatal consultations were conducted.

Family Planning: 540 people accessed family planning services and received contraception (including the oral pill, injectables, implants, and IUDs). Out of 545 treatments for sexually transmitted infections (STIs), 293 were for women, representing approximately 54% of treated cases.

Outpatient Consultations and Hospitalizations: 4,231 outpatient consultations were recorded, of which 2,889 were for women (approximately 68%). 931 hospitalizations related to reproductive health occurred.

Gender-Based Violence:

The situation of GBV remains a major concern in Cameroon. Women and girls are vulnerable to GBV and have challenges in accessing comprehensive care.

- **Post-Rape Care:** Only 30% of survivors received post-rape care within the critical 72 hours post-incident period.
- **Psychosocial Support:** 45 people benefited from mental health and psychological support, including 27 women.

Results Snapshots



7,899

People reached with **SRH services**
83 per cent women and girls



28

Health facilities supported



16,768

People reached with **GBV & SRH information**
65 per cent women and girls



17

Women and girls' safe spaces supported

Coordination Mechanisms



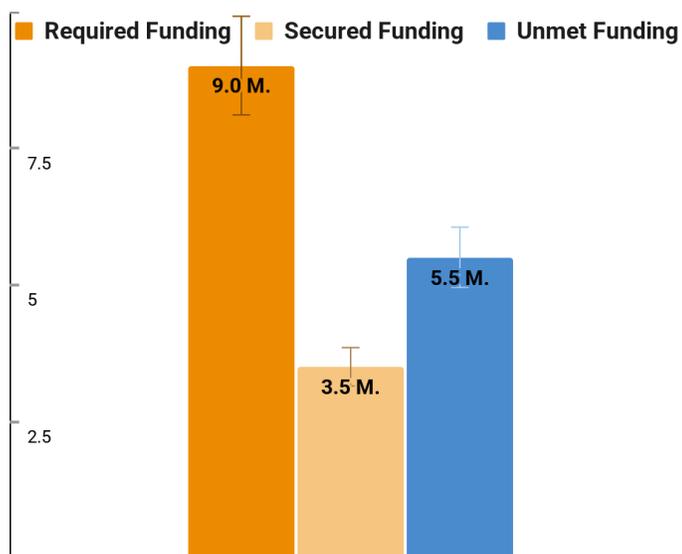
Gender-Based Violence:

During April 2025, multi-sectoral and multi-level coordination efforts resulted in the holding of a meeting of the GBV Working Sub-Group in Logone and Chari, promoting the alignment of actions of humanitarian and sectoral actors, particularly in the holistic management of GBV cases. UNFPA, in collaboration with FAO, ACF, and other partners, also coordinated Disaster Preparedness/Anticipatory Action activities to combat drought, floods, and food insecurity. These coordination mechanisms aim to ensure the monitoring of the work plan, facilitate the mid-term and annual review, and guide planning for 2025.

+ Sexual and Reproductive Health:

April was a particularly significant month for the Humanitarian Thematic Working Group on Sexual and Reproductive Health in Emergencies (TWG SRHiE) in Cameroon, marked by the participation of three SRH coordination experts from Cameroon in a specialized humanitarian coordination training organized by UNFPA and IRC in Saly, Senegal. This training aimed to strengthen national and regional coordination capacities in line with the TWG SRHiE’s objectives and facilitated the adoption of key working tools, including updated Terms of Reference (ToRs), a structured work plan framework, and revised rapid assessment sheets on the Minimum Initial Service Package (MISP), service delivery, and Inter-Agency Reproductive Health (IARH) kit ordering. The outcomes of the training were reported during the TWG SRHiE’s monthly meeting on April 24, 2025, providing an opportunity to present progress and develop concrete recommendations for finalizing reference documents, thereby reinforcing the structure and effectiveness of SRH coordination within Cameroon’s humanitarian context.

Funding Status



By April 2025, UNFPA Cameroon had mobilized about 39% of humanitarian funding needed (US\$ 3,505,560) out of the US\$ 9 million required for 2025. Without further financial support, critical SRH and GBV services are at risk, which will have devastating repercussions for women and girls in Cameroon.

UNFPA thanks its donors: DG-ECHO, Canada, UN-CERF and the various contributors to the UNFPA Emergency Fund and Humanitarian Thematic Fund.

UNFPA is grateful to humanitarian implementing partners supporting our response in Cameroon.

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